Important NoticeS from Elizabeth richardson center regarding the HEALTH AND WELFARE PLANS

The following notices provide important information about the group health plan provided by your employer. Please read the attached notices carefully and keep a copy for your records.

**If you have any questions regarding any of these notices, please contact:**

General Contact: Barbara Ludwig

Phone: 479-872-1800

Email: [bludwig@ercinc.org](mailto:bludwig@ercinc.org)

Mailing Address: 2190 S. Razorback Road

Fayetteville, AR 72701

Plan Administrator: Elizabeth Richardson Center

Phone: 479-872-1800

Email: [bludwig@ercinc.org](mailto:bludwig@ercinc.org)

Mailing Address: 2190 S. Razorback Road

Fayetteville, AR 72701

**Distribution Date:** November 2020

**Important Notice from Elizabeth Richardson Center About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare**

**Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Elizabeth Richardson Center and about your options under Medicare’s prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.**

**There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare’s prescription drug coverage:**

**1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.**

**2. Elizabeth Richardson Center has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the [Insert Name of Plan] is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.**



**When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

**What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current Elizabeth Richardson Center coverage will may be affected. See pages 7- 9 of the CMS Disclosure of Creditable Coverage To Medicare Part D Eligible Individuals Guidance (available at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/CreditableCoverage/>), which outlines the prescription drug plan provisions/options that Medicare eligible individuals may have available to them when they become eligible for Medicare Part D.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current Elizabeth Richardson Center coverage, be aware that you and your dependents may not be able to get this coverage back.

**When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with Elizabeth Richardson Center and don’t join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

**For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage**

Contact the person listed below for further information. NOTE: You’ll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Elizabeth Richardson Center changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

**For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage**

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the “Medicare & You” handbook. You’ll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

* Visit [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)
* Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the “Medicare & You” handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
* Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at [www.socialsecurity.gov](http://www.socialsecurity.gov), or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

**Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).**

Date: November 2020

Name of Entity/Sender: Elizabeth Richardson Center

Contact--Position/Office: Barbara Ludwig

Address: 2190 S. Razorback Road, Fayetteville, AR 72701

Phone Number: 479-872-1800

**Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act Notice**

Do you know that your plan, as required by the Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, provides benefits for mastectomy-related services including all stages of reconstruction and surgery to achieve symmetry between the breasts, prostheses, and complications resulting from a mastectomy, including lymphedema? Call your plan administrator at 479-872-1800 for more information.

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

* All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
* Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
* Prostheses; and
* Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. Therefore, the following deductibles and coinsurance apply:

**Base Plan**

Individual Deductible: $5,000

Family Deductible: $15,000

Coinsurance: 80%

**Buy-Up Plan**

Individual Deductible: $1,150

Family Deductible: $3,450

Coinsurance: 80%

If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, call your plan administrator 479-872-1800.

**Newborns’ and Mothers’ Health Protection Act**

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother’s or newborn’s attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

**Premium Assistance under Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)**

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you’re eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren’t eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won’t be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit [**www.healthcare.gov**](http://www.healthcare.gov).

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial   
**1-877-KIDS NOW** or [**www.insurekidsnow.gov**](http://www.insurekidsnow.gov) to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren’t already enrolled. This is called a “special enrollment” opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at [**www.askebsa.dol.gov**](http://www.askebsa.dol.gov) or call **1-866-444-EBSA** **(3272)**.

**If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2020. Contact your State for more information on eligibility.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ALABAMA – Medicaid** | **COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado’s Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)** |
| Website: <http://myalhipp.com/>  Phone: 1-855-692-5447 | Health First Colorado Website: <https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/>  Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:  1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711  CHP+: <https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/child-health-plan-plus>  CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/ State Relay 711  Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): <https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-insurancebuy-program>  HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442 |
| **ALASKA – Medicaid** | **FLORIDA – Medicaid** |
| The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program  Website: <http://myakhipp.com/>  Phone: 1-866-251-4861  Email: [CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com](mailto:CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com)  Medicaid Eligibility: <http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx> | Website: [https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrec overy.com/hipp/index.html](https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrec%20overy.com/hipp/index.html)  Phone: 1-877-357-3268 |
| **ARKANSAS – Medicaid** | **GEORGIA – Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://myarhipp.com/>  Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447) | Website: [https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp](https://gcc01.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fmedicaid.georgia.gov%2Fhealth-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp&data=02%7C01%7Cstashlaw%40dch.ga.gov%7C98b18a96ce1b49d087f708d709449652%7C512da10d071b4b948abc9ec4044d1516%7C0%7C0%7C636988062560854968&sdata=7rziGawQfBKcW1N2%2Bdi2j8cyHpaCYURGdtF8Hk%2By6FM%3D&reserved=0)  Phone: 678-564-1162 ext 2131 |
|  |  |
| **CALIFORNIA – Medicaid** | **INDIANA – Medicaid** |
| Website: <https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/Pages/TPLRD_CAU_cont.aspx>  Phone: 916-440-5676 | Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64  Website: <http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/>  Phone: 1-877-438-4479  All other Medicaid  Website: <https://www.in.gov/medicaid/>  Phone 1-800-457-4584 |
| **IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)** | **MONTANA – Medicaid** |
| Medicaid Website:  <https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members> Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366  Hawki Website:  <http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki>  Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563 | Website: <http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP>  Phone: 1-800-694-3084 |
| **KANSAS – Medicaid** | **NEBRASKA – Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/default.htm>  Phone: 1-800-792-4884 | Website: <http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov>  Phone: 1-855-632-7633  Lincoln: 402-473-7000  Omaha: 402-595-1178 |
| **KENTUCKY – Medicaid** | **NEVADA – Medicaid** |
| Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP) Website:  <https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx>  Phone: 1-855-459-6328  Email: [KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov](mailto:KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov)  KCHIP Website: <https://kidshealth.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx>  Phone: 1-877-524-4718  Kentucky Medicaid Website: <https://chfs.ky.gov> | Medicaid Website: <http://dhcfp.nv.gov>  Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900 |
| **LOUISIANA – Medicaid** | **NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid** |
| Website: [www.medicaid.la.gov](http://dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/331) or [www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp](http://www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp)  Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP) | Website: <https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm>  Phone: 603-271-5218  Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext 5218 |
| **MAINE – Medicaid** | **NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Enrollment Website: <https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms> Phone: 1-800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711  Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage: <https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms> Phone: 1-800-977-6740.  TTY: Maine relay 711 | Medicaid Website:  [http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/](http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/)  [dmahs/clients/medicaid/](http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/)  Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392  CHIP Website: <http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html>  CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 |
| **MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP** | **NEW YORK – Medicaid** |
| Website: [http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth](http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth/)  Phone: 1-800-862-4840 | Website: <https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/>  Phone: 1-800-541-2831 |
| **MINNESOTA – Medicaid** | **NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid** |
| Website:  <https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/children-and-families/health-care/health-care-programs/programs-and-services/medical-assistance.jsp>  Phone: 1-800-657-3739 | Website: <https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/>  Phone: 919-855-4100 |
| **MISSOURI – Medicaid** | **NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm>  Phone: 573-751-2005 | Website: <http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/>  Phone: 1-844-854-4825 |
| **OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP** | **UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website: [http://www.insureoklahoma.org](http://www.insureoklahoma.org/)  Phone: 1-888-365-3742 | Medicaid Website: <https://medicaid.utah.gov/>  CHIP Website: <http://health.utah.gov/chip>  Phone: 1-877-543-7669 |
| **OREGON – Medicaid** | **VERMONT– Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx>  <http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html>  Phone: 1-800-699-9075 | Website: <http://www.greenmountaincare.org/>  Phone: 1-800-250-8427 |
| **PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid** | **VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website: <https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/Pages/Medical/HIPP-Program.aspx>  Phone: 1-800-692-7462 | Website: <https://www.coverva.org/hipp/>  Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924  CHIP Phone: 1-855-242-8282 |
| **RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP** | **WASHINGTON – Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/>  Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line) | Website: <https://www.hca.wa.gov/>  Phone: 1-800-562-3022 |
| **SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid** | **WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid** |
| Website: <https://www.scdhhs.gov>  Phone: 1-888-549-0820 | Website: <http://mywvhipp.com>/  Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447) |
| **SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid** | **WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website: [http://dss.sd.gov](http://dss.sd.gov/)  Phone: 1-888-828-0059 | Website: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p-10095.htm>  Phone: 1-800-362-3002 |
| **TEXAS – Medicaid** | **WYOMING – Medicaid** |
| Website: <http://gethipptexas.com/>  Phone: 1-800-440-0493 | Website: <https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/programs-andeligibility/>  Phone: 1-800-251-1269 |

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2020, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Employee Benefits Security Administration Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[**www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa**](https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa)[**www.cms.hhs.gov**](http://www.cms.hhs.gov)

1-866-444-EBSA (3272) 1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email [ebsa.opr@dol.gov](mailto:ebsa.opr@dol.gov) and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2023)

**Grandfathered Plan Notice**

United Healthcare believes these medical plans are ‘‘grandfathered health plans’’ under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the Affordable Care Act). As permitted by the Affordable Care Act, a grandfathered health plan can preserve certain basic health coverage that was already in effect when that law was enacted. Being a grandfathered health plan means that your plan may not include certain consumer protections of the Affordable Care Act that apply to other plans, for example, the requirement for the provision of preventive health services without any cost sharing. However, grandfathered health plans must comply with certain other consumer protections in the Affordable Care Act, for example, the elimination of lifetime limits on benefits.

Questions regarding which protections apply and which protections do not apply to a grandfathered health plan and what might cause a plan to change from grandfathered health plan status can be directed to the plan administrator at 479-872-1800. You may also contact the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor at 1–866–444–3272 or [www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform](http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform)*.* This website has a table summarizing which protections do and do not apply to grandfathered health plans. You may also contact the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at [www.healthreform.gov](https://www.hhs.gov/).

**Notice of Special Enrollment Rights**

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents’ other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents’ other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact Human Resources at 479-872-1800 or 2190 S. Razorback Road, Fayetteville, AR 72701.

**\*\* Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA \*\***

**Introduction**

You’re getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. **This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it.** When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan’s Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

**You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage.** For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse’s plan), even if that plan generally doesn’t accept late enrollees.

**What is COBRA continuation coverage?**

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a “qualifying event.” Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a “qualified beneficiary.” You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you’re an employee, you’ll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

* Your hours of employment are reduced, or
* Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you’re the spouse of an employee, you’ll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

* Your spouse dies;
* Your spouse’s hours of employment are reduced;
* Your spouse’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
* Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
* You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

* The parent-employee dies;
* The parent-employee’s hours of employment are reduced;
* The parent-employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
* The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
* The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
* The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a “dependent child.”

**When is COBRA continuation coverage available?**

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

* The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
* Death of the employee; or
* The employee’s becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

**For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child’s losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to: Human Resources**

**How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?**

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

***Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage***

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

***Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage***

If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

**Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?**

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, [Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)](https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaid-chip/childrens-health-insurance-program/), or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse’s plan) through what is called a “special enrollment period.” Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at [www.healthcare.gov](http://www.healthcare.gov).

**Can I enroll in Medicare instead of COBRA continuation coverage after my group health plan coverage ends?**

In general, if you don’t enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period[[1]](#footnote-1) to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

* The month after your employment ends; or
* The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you don’t enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare.

For more information visit <https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you>.

**If you have questions**

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit [www.dol.gov/ebsa](https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa). (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA’s website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit [www.HealthCare.gov](http://www.HealthCare.gov).

**Keep your Plan informed of address changes**

To protect your family’s rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members.You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

**Plan contact information**

Human Resources

479-872-1800

2190 S. Razorback Road, Fayetteville, AR 72701

For the Department of Labor’s Employer Exchange/Marketplace Notices and Instructions, please click the link below:

[http://www.datair.com/PDF/DOL Employer Exchange Notices.pdf](http://www.datair.com/PDF/DOL%20Employer%20Exchange%20Notices.pdf)



**New Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage**

Form Approved

OMB No. 1210-0149

(expires 6-30-2023)

**Options and Your Health Coverage**

**PART A: General Information**

When key parts of the health care law take effect in 2014, there will be a new way to buy health insurance: the Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace and employment­based health coverage offered by your employer.

**What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?**

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away. Open enrollment for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace begins in October 2013 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2014.

**Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?**

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household income.

**Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?**

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer's health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards. If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.5% of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit.1

**Note:** If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution -as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage- is often excluded from income for Federal and State income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

**How Can I Get More Information?**

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact **Human Resources.** The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit [**HealthCare.gov**](http://www.healthcare.gov/) for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

1 An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.

**PART B: Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer**

This section contains information about any health coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Employer name   **Elizabeth Richardson Center** | | | 1. Employer Identification Number (EIN)   **71-0355090** | |
| 1. Employer address   **2190 South Razorback Road** | | | 1. Employer phone number   **479-872-1800** | |
| 1. City   **Fayetteville** | | 1. State   **Arkansas** | | 1. ZIP Code   **72701** |
| 1. Who can we contact about employee health coverage at this job? **Human Resources** | | | | |
| 11. Phone number (if different from above) | 12. Email address [bludwig@ercinc.org](mailto:bludwig@ercinc.org) | | | |

Here is some basic information about health coverage offered by this employer:

* As your employer, we offer a health plan to:

All employees. Eligible employees are:

**Those who work on a full-time basis, complete the required waiting period and work at least 30 hours per week and 48 weeks per year.**

* With respect to dependents:

We do offer coverage. Eligible dependents are:

**Spouse, child less than 26 years of age and unmarried child incapable of self support because of mental or physical disability.**

If checked, this coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

**X**

This coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

\*\* Even if your employer intends your coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed mid-year, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

• An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs (Section 36B(c)(2)(C)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986)

1. <https://www.medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/how-do-i-get-parts-a-b/part-a-part-b-sign-up-periods>. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)